

# Outpatient Procedure Adoption versus Overutilization

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# Disclosures

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# Overutilization-

- Occurring for decades—Stark I 1989
- Procedures and Testing- “Unnecessary”  
    Appropriateness—Appropriate Use Criteria (AUC)
- All Sites of Service-
  - Offices and Office Lab Testing
  - Academic Hospitals-Training Facilities
  - Imaging Centers
  - Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient Procedure Suites
  - Ambulatory Surgery Centers
  - Office Interventional Suites
- Difficult to measure

# Examples of Overutilization for Peripheral Vascular Intervention:

- Interventions on asymptomatic patients without physiologic data
- Exclusive device use preference regardless of lesion morphology
- Poor results and outcomes leading to restenosis and repetitive procedures
- Multiple planned staged procedures on same leg regardless of symptoms or clinical need
- Consistent suboptimal outcomes by untrained or new operators who decline education and practice improvement



# Overutilization- Drivers

## Physicians-

- FFS- payment regardless of outcome
- Lack of training, lack of peer review

## Patients-

- Uninformed expectations
- Disconnect from payment
- Deductible cost “incentives”-timing cycles

## Industry-

- Sales force incentivized by volume

# Overutilization- Drivers (cont.)

## Payers-

- Third parties cover majority of costs

## Hospitals and Corporate Systems-

- Revenue needs and demands, employed-physician incentives
- Subsidize losses of other services

## Organized Medicine-

- Vagaries and lack of concordance in appropriateness criteria and guidelines
- Self-policing challenges

**WHO IS TO BLAME? ALL OF US**



# Oversite and Review—Tools and Mechanisms

## Outliers-

- Physician Open Payments

- Medicare Physician Payment Data

- Comparative Billing Reports (CBR)

## Investigations-

- DOJ- OIG

- MACs—Medicare Administrative Contractors

## Standards-

- AUC

- Societal Guidelines



# Response from Payers- Potential Consequences

## Individuals:

- Extract penalties and/or repayment
- Exclude from insurance panels

## All providers:

- Cut reimbursement—Revaluation of codes  
Change access to care or patterns of care
- Restrict coverage through LCD policy changes
- Transparency reporting- Physician level feedback



# CBR- Comparative Billing Reports



- Comparative Billing Reports: Peripheral Vascular Intervention for Claudication (CBR #: CBR202004)
- CMS contracted with RELi Group to perform analytics, reports, physician education
- Identified outliers for performing PVI on IC patients and no supervised exercise training (SET) billed in the same calendar year.
- Based on Medicare claims in 2015-17 (PVI and SET CPT's and IC ICD's)



# QBR



- Percent of claims for PVI performed on beneficiaries with IC without SET
- The article (Cooke-Methodist) continues to say the following:  
"Supervised exercise programs are the gold standard ... Home-based exercise programs may represent a feasible alternative for those unable or unwilling to exercise under supervision."



# Choosing Wisely<sup>®</sup>

*An initiative of the ABIM Foundation*



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# Improving Wisely

- Collaboration between Johns Hopkins, Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and American Venous and Lymphatic Society (AVLS)
- Perceived overutilization of venous ablation procedures
- Identify outliers based on Medicare claims data
- Educate the provider about outlier status compared to peers
  - 2 standard deviations from the median
  - Acknowledge limitations of the data set
  - Follow up to assess if behavior (procedure counts) changed after reports issued



# *Significant physician practice variability in the utilization of endovenous thermal ablation in the 2017 Medicare population*

*Margaret Mann, MD, Peiqi Wang, MD, MPH, Marlin Schul, MD, MBA, Neil M. Khilnani, MD, Angela Park, BS, Martin A. Makary, MD, MPH, Caitlin W. Hicks, MD, MS*

*Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders*  
Volume 7 Issue 6 Pages 808-816.e1 (November 2019)



# Thermal Ablations/pt.

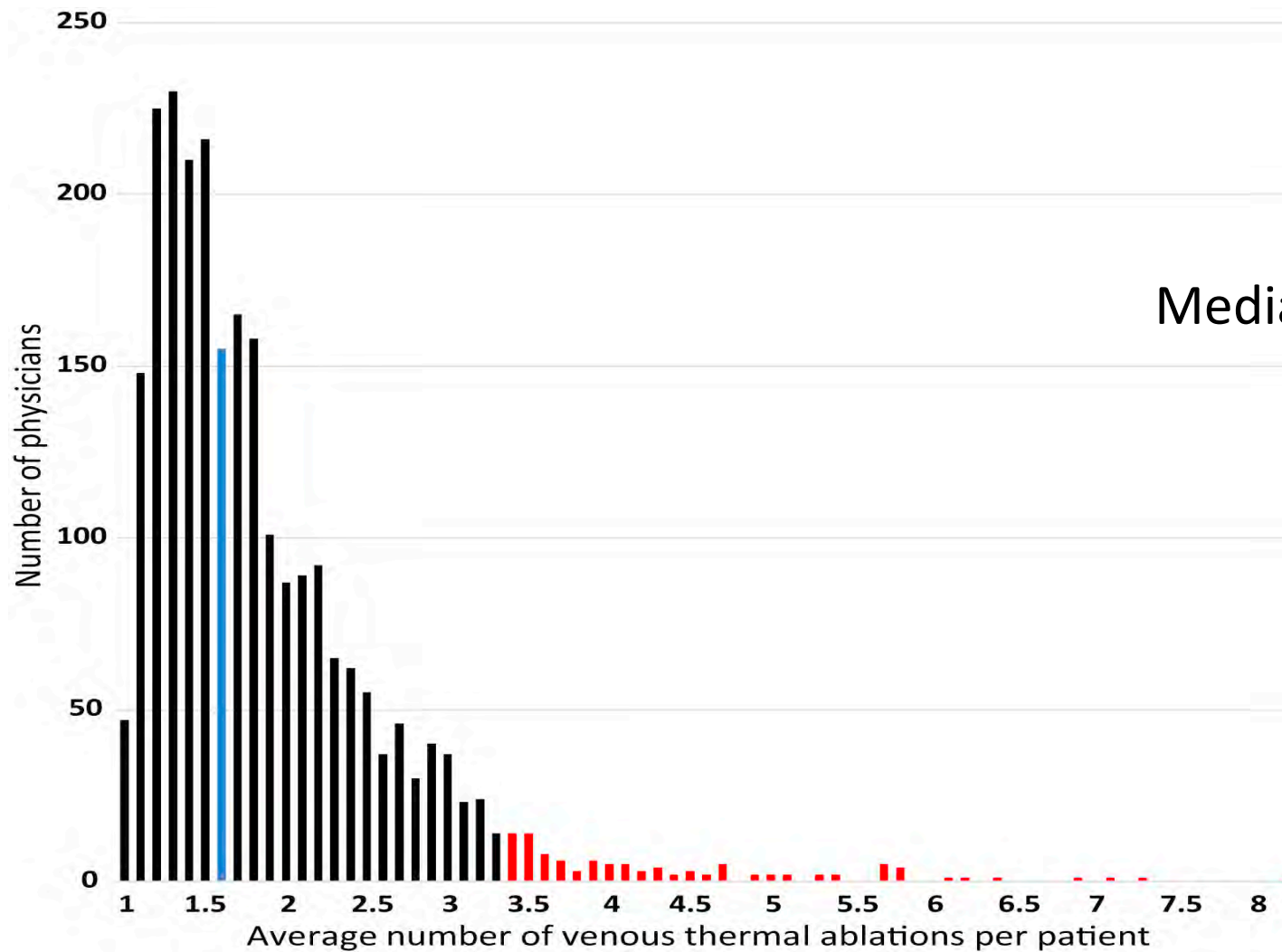


Fig. National distribution of physicians' average number of endovenous thermal ablations (EVTAs) per patient. Note: *Blue bars* represent the median number of thermal ablations per patient (1.6), and *red bars* represent outlier physicians.



- How should outliers get called out?
- Do we self-police?
- What role should societies like OEIS play?
- How can you demonstrate what you're doing?





**OEIS Quality Initiatives:  
SCOCAP in the OIS**

- Safety-Accreditation
- Credentialing
- Outcomes Measures-  
Registry
- Compliance
- Appropriateness
- Peer Review

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# Societal Guidelines and Appropriate Use Criteria Resources

- Cardiac procedures— ACC/AHA & SCAI/ACC, SCAI Tool Kit
- IR procedures— SIR/ACR
- Peripheral Vascular Interventions
  - SVS— 2015 Asx PAD and IC (JVS)
  - ACC/AHA— 2016- AHA/ACC Guideline on the Management of Lower Extremity Peripheral Artery Disease
  - SCAI— 2017 Update on AUC for PVI
  - ACC/AHA/SCAI/SIR/SVM JOINT CONSENSUS— JACC 2018
    - **1<sup>ST</sup> MULTISOCIETY AUC FOR PVI**
    - A,M, OR R (RARELY APPROPRIATE)—
    - 45 CLINICAL SCENARIOS





**NATIONAL**

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# Summary

- Overutilization occurs in all sites of service and subjects all to potential reimbursement cuts
- Outliers are increasingly subject to physician level feedback reports and potential penalties
- Self-policing and transparency through registry and society work is preferred
- Providers should practice with best clinical judgment taking into account best level of evidence, guidelines, and value of procedures to the patient and systems paying for their care

